Canada

Joan Acosta

w w w . b e s t o f t h e r e a d e r . c a
bestofthereader.ca
Best of the Reader series of books by Joan Acosta is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial-No Derivative Works 2.5 Canada Licence.

joan@joanacosta.ca

Copyright 2015
# Contents

Welcome ................................................. 4

Map of Canada ......................................... 5

Ottawa is Canada’s capital ......................... 6

Maple leaf ................................................. 11

Maple syrup .............................................. 11

July 1 is Canada’s birthday....................... 12

Emily Carr is a famous Canadian artist........ 14

Helping newcomers adjust to Canada .......... 16

Members of Canada’s Parliament ............... 19

Workers find dinosaur tracks in BC ........... 21

Terry Fox is a Canadian hero .................... 23

Lots of Lees ............................................. 25

Crossword: Canada ................................... 27

Answers for exercises ............................... 28
Welcome

This e-book is part of a series called Best of The Reader. The stories in the e-books are from The Westcoast Reader. It is a newspaper for adults who are improving their English reading skills.

To the reader

✔ You can use this book in a classroom, with a tutor, or on your own.

✔ Each story has exercises to go with it. These exercises can help you improve your English and reading skills.

✔ You can check your answers at the end of the book.

Three reading levels

There are three reading levels in this book. Here are the symbols for each level:

Level 1

Level 2

Level 3

To the teacher

Learners can read the articles and do the exercises individually, in pairs, or in groups.

The topics can be explored further through discussion or follow-up activities.

Teachers’ Guide

There is a Teachers’ Guide on this website. The guide has ideas and suggestions on how to use the e-books with students.

Acknowledgements

The author gratefully acknowledges the financial support of Capilano University for this project.

A special thank you to the learners and teachers who helped choose the articles for this book.

All of the material in this book first appeared in The Westcoast Reader (1982 to 2009). Some of the articles have been updated. Most of the exercises and activities for learners are based on material from The Westcoast Reader Teachers’ Notes (1982 to 2009).

Credits

Photos

Front cover—iStockphoto (Parliament Buildings); The Province (girls); The Vancouver Sun (family)

Pages 5–7 Canada Post; Page 9: iStockphoto; Page 11: iStockphoto (tree, syrup); Canada Post (stamps); Pages 12, 14: Canada Coast to Coast; Page 15: The Vancouver Sun; Page 17: BC Archives D-06009 (Carr top); BC Archives C-03805 (Carr house); BC Archives H-02813 (young Carr); Paintings: Skidegate (left), 1912, Vancouver Art Gallery, Emily Carr Trust, VAG 42.3.73, Skidegate (right), 1912, Vancouver Art Gallery, Emily Carr Trust, VAG 42.3.75, Three Cedar Trunks, 1937, Vancouver Art Gallery, Emily Carr Trust, VAG 42.3.64 (All VAG photos: Trevor Mills); Page 19: The Vancouver Sun; Page 22: iStockphoto (Parliament Buildings); Jason Ransom (PM family); Page 24: The Province (dinosaurs); Page 28: The Province (Fox); Page 30: The Vancouver Sun

Illustrations

Cover, Pages 8, 9, 11: Guy Parsons; Page 13, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26: Nola Johnston
Fill in the names of the missing provinces and territories.

1. N__t_w_s__
   ___r_i__r___

2. r__i_h
   C___u___a

3. S__k_t__w__

4. ___a__o

5. __w
   B__n__c__

6. N___a
   __t_a

7. N_w___n_l__d
   ___b__d__
Ottawa is the capital of Canada. It is in the province of Ontario.

The city of Ottawa is on the Ottawa River.

The Parliament Buildings are the most important buildings in Ottawa.

Canada’s government meets in the Parliament Buildings.
Write the sentences

Write the words in the correct order to make a sentence.

1. capital / of / Ottawa / The / is / Canada

   __________________________________________

2. is / province / It / of / in / Ontario / the

   __________________________________________

3. River / of / Ottawa / The / on / is / Ottawa / city / the

   __________________________________________

4. Ottawa / are / Buildings / The / in / Parliament

   __________________________________________

Categories

Add two more words to each category.

1. countries: Canada ______________________  ______________________

2. cities: Ottawa ______________________  ______________________

3. provinces: Ontario ______________________  ______________________

4. rivers: Ottawa ______________________  ______________________

5. capital cities: Ottawa ______________________  ______________________
Maple leaf

Maple trees grow in many parts of Canada.

The maple leaf is a symbol of Canada. There is a red maple leaf on Canada’s flag.

Maple syrup

Canada produces about 85 percent of the world’s maple syrup. Most of Canada’s maple syrup comes from Quebec.

Making maple syrup

In the spring, workers put a tube in each maple tree. They hang a bucket from the tube. Sap from the tree drips into the bucket.

The workers collect the sap. They boil it to make maple syrup.

A year in the life of a maple leaf

Spring maple seeds

Summer green maple leaves

Fall red maple leaves

Winter brown maple leaves
Label the drawing

1. Unscramble the letters in the box to make words.
2. Use the words to label the drawing.

1. [Box]
2. [Box]
3. [Box]
4. [Box]

What is the meaning?

Match the word on the left with the meaning on the right.

___ 1. hang   a. to bring together from several places
___ 2. sap     b. a watery liquid in plants
___ 3. collect c. a long hollow object
___ 4. hole    d. an opening into something
___ 5. tube    e. a container with an open top and a handle
___ 6. bucket f. to attach something so it does not touch the ground
Canada’s coins

Use the words in the boxes to finish the sentences.

1. The nickel has a ____________________ on it. This animal has thick fur and strong teeth. It lives in ____________________ and lakes in many parts of Canada.

2. The Bluenose is on Canada’s dime. The sailing _______________ was built in 1921. It was very fast.

3. The Canadian quarter has a caribou on it. Caribou are a kind of ____________________. They live in Canada’s North.

4. A loon is on Canada’s one ____________________ coin. This waterbird lives near lakes in many parts of the country. Many people call this coin a “loonie.”

5. Canada’s $2 coin has a ____________________ bear on on it. The centre is a yellowish-gold colour. The outside ________________ is a silver colour. Many people call this coin a “toonie.”

Canada’s penny

For many years, Canada had a one-cent coin called a penny. In 2012, the Canadian Mint stopped making pennies. Canada’s penny had two maple leaves on it.
A coin trick

1. You will need six large coins and six small coins.

2. Arrange the coins in four rows like the ones below.

![Four rows of coins](image)

3. Now, can you rearrange the coins to make two rows of large coins and two rows of small coins?

![Two rows of coins](image)

There is only one rule: You can touch only one coin.
July 1 is Canada’s birthday

In the 1600s and 1700s, people from Europe came to explore North America. Some of these people stayed and started colonies.

Four colonies join together

On July 1, 1867, four colonies joined together to form Canada. They were Ontario (Canada West), Quebec (Canada East), Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick. These colonies became Canada’s first provinces. The other provinces and territories joined Canada later.

Canada Day

We celebrate Canada’s birthday on July 1. Many cities and towns have parades. Some places have fireworks in the evening.

This map shows Canada in 1867.

When did the other provinces and territories join Canada?

- Manitoba ~ 1870
- Northwest Territories ~ 1870
- British Columbia ~ 1871
- Prince Edward Island ~ 1873
- Yukon ~ 1898
- Saskatchewan ~ 1905
- Alberta ~ 1905
- Newfoundland (and Labrador) ~ 1949
- Nunavut ~ 1999
### Finish the chart

Finish the chart with the following information:

a. the date that each province and territory joined Canada  
b. the abbreviation for each province and territory

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Province or territory</th>
<th>Date joined Canada</th>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Provinces</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alberta</td>
<td></td>
<td>AB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>British Columbia</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manitoba</td>
<td>1870</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Brunswick</td>
<td></td>
<td>NB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Newfoundland and Labrador</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nova Scotia</td>
<td>1867</td>
<td>QC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ontario</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prince Edward Island</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quebec</td>
<td></td>
<td>QC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saskatchewan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>** Territories**</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northwest Territories</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nunavut</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yukon</td>
<td>1898</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Find the abbreviations (symbols) for Canadian provinces and territories at <www.canadapost.com>
Emily Carr is a famous Canadian artist.

Emily Carr was born in Victoria, British Columbia, in 1871.

The Carr family lived in this house in Victoria.

Emily Carr in 1891

Painted totem poles
Carr had an interest in the First Nations people of BC. She travelled by canoe to small villages along the coast. She often painted First Nations houses and totem poles.

Painted landscapes
Carr also liked to paint the forests and mountains of British Columbia.

Wrote books
Emily Carr wrote several books about her life. She died in Victoria in 1945.
What word is missing?

One word is missing in each sentence. Draw an arrow where the missing word should go. Write the word on the line.

born
1. Emily Carr was born in Victoria, British Columbia. ____________
2. Carr studied art in Europe. ________________
3. She often painted Nations houses and totem poles. ________________
4. Carr also liked to the forest and mountains of BC. ________________
5. Emily Carr in Victoria in 1945. ________________
6. Emily Carr’s paintings in many art galleries and museums. ____________

Word families

Circle the correct form of the word. Then cross out the incorrect word.

1. Emily Carr’s paint / paintings are in many museums in Canada.
2. Carr began to drawing / draw at a young age.
3. She studied / student art in San Francisco.
4. Carr traveller / travelled by canoe to small villages on the BC coast.
5. She had an interest / interesting in First Nations people.
6. Carr painting / painted the mountains and forests of BC.
Helping newcomers adjust to Canada

The Macena and Mbona families enjoy spending time together.

Thousands of immigrants and refugees come to Canada every year. They need to learn many things about their new home.

Program helps newcomers
There is a host program in Vancouver called Connections. It matches newcomers with Canadians. Hosts help newcomers adjust to life in Canada.

The Macenas are hosts
The Macena family came to Canada from Brazil 10 years ago. Now they are helping other newcomers.

The Mbonas are newcomers
The Mbonas are refugees from Africa. Yogabo and Alphonsina Mbona have six children. They came to Canada from Congo.

Families spend time together
Paolo and Christina Macena help the Mbonas in many ways. For example, they helped the couple find used furniture and inexpensive winter clothes.

The two families enjoy spending time together. Paolo says, “We like to go out together on the weekend.”

The Westcoast Reader 10/2007 • Adapted from The Vancouver Sun
Crossword: Winter clothes

The Mbonas had to buy winter clothes. What did they buy?

Across

1. Gloves
2. Scarf
3. Jacket
4. Hat
5. Boot
6. Mittens
7. Socks

Down

2. Sweater
3. Coat
4. Woolen hat
5. Snow boots

www.bestofthereader.ca
Make a new word

Fill in the missing letters. Then take the circled letters and rearrange them to make a new word. The new word starts with a capital letter.

1. A country in South America  
   ___ ___ ○ ___ ___

2. Five, __, seven  
   ___ ○ ___

3. Husband and wife  
   ○ ___ ___ ___ ___

4. The season before spring  
   ___ ___ ___ ___ ○

5. Table, chair, bed  
   ○ ___ ___ ___ ___ ___ ___ ___ ___

6. Opposite of teach  
   ___ ___ ○ ___ ___

New word from circled letters  
___ ___ ___ ___ ___

What’s the word?

One of the three prefixes next to the root word is right for that word. Choose the correct prefix and write the new word on the line.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>prefixes</th>
<th>root word</th>
<th>new word</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. un / in / dis</td>
<td>expensive</td>
<td>inexpensive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. un / re / in</td>
<td>pay</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. re / mis / im</td>
<td>possible</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. un / mis / in</td>
<td>afraid</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. un / dis / re</td>
<td>honest</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Members of Canada’s Parliament**

Canada has 338 Members of Parliament (MPs). They form a group called the House of Commons. Voters in every province and territory elect the MPs. These men and women meet to decide about important issues in Canada. They also make new laws.

**Members of Parliament (MPs)**
- MPs represent the people who live in their areas.
- Each area is called a federal electoral district. It is also called a riding or a constituency.
- Canada has 338 federal ridings.
- MPs work in their ridings for part of the year. They also work in Ottawa for part of the year.

**Election results**
Canada had a federal election in October 2015. Voters elected 338 MPs. Five parties have MPs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party</th>
<th>Number of MPs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Liberal Party</td>
<td>184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conservative Party</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Democratic Party</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bloc Québécois</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>338</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Standings as of 01/03/2016

**Canada’s prime minister**
The Liberal Party has the most MPs. It forms the government. Justin Trudeau is the leader of the Liberal Party. He is the prime minister of Canada.

Justin is the son of Pierre Trudeau. He was the prime minister of Canada from 1968 to 1979 and again from 1980 to 1984.

**Who is your MP?**
Find your MP using your postal code.

1. Go to: [www.parl.gc.ca](http://www.parl.gc.ca)
2. Choose English or French.
3. Type your postal code into the search box. Click Find.

Pierre Trudeau 1919 – 2000
Justin Trudeau 1971 –
Numbers

Write the answers on the lines.

1. Which party has the most MPs?
   ____________________________________________________________

2. Which party has the second most MPs?
   ____________________________________________________________

3. Which party has more MPs—the Conservatives or the New Democrats?
   ____________________________________________________________

4. How many MPs does the Green Party have?
   ____________________________________________________________

True or false

Circle T if the sentence is true. Circle F if the sentence is false (not true).

1. Justin Trudeau is the prime minister of Canada. T F

2. He is the leader of the Conservative Party. T F

3. The Liberal Party has the most MPs. It forms the government. T F

4. MPs represent the people who live in their areas. T F

5. MPs meet in the Parliament Buildings in Victoria. T F

6. Canada had a federal election in 2015. T F

7. You can use your postal code to find the name of your MP. T F
Workers find dinosaur tracks in BC

In 2007, workers were building a road near the border between Alberta and British Columbia. The workers found a large number of dinosaur tracks in the rocks.

Scientists studied the rocks. They said giant sauropod dinosaurs made the tracks about 135 million years ago.

Sauropods were huge

Sauropods had long necks and long, powerful tails. The dinosaurs were about 20 metres long and 7 metres high. They probably weighed 30 tonnes. That’s the weight of about six African elephants.

Biggest and oldest

Rich McCrea is a scientist. He studies dinosaurs. Rich says, “The tracks found in BC are the biggest ever found in Canada. They are also the oldest.”
Is it a, b, or c?

Circle a, b, or c to finish the sentences.

1. In 2007, workers were _____ a road near the border between Alberta and BC.
   a. surveying   b. building   c. repairing

2. The workers found a large number of dinosaur _____ in the rocks.
   a. bones   b. skulls   c. tracks

3. _____ studied the rocks.
   a. Scientists   b. Road workers   c. Teachers

4. They said sauropod dinosaurs _____ the tracks about 135 million years ago.
   a. built   b. made   c. covered

5. Sauropods had long _____ and long, powerful tails.
   a. ears   b. beaks   c. necks

6. The dinosaurs _____ weighed 30 tonnes.
   a. definitely   b. probably   c. undoubtedly

Match

Match the five words with their meanings.

 _____ 1. powerful   a. footprints
 _____ 2. huge   b. strong
 _____ 3. border   c. likely
 _____ 4. tracks   d. very big
 _____ 5. probably   e. boundary

Finish the words

Add the vowels (a, e, i, o, u) to finish each word.

1. d ____ n ____ s ____ r
2. sc ____ ____ nt ____ st
3. w ____ ____ gh ____ d
4. ____ l ____ ph ____ nts
5. b ____ tw ____ n

www.bestofthereader.ca
**Terry Fox never gave up**

![Terry Fox running](image)

**Terry Fox ran on one artificial leg.**

Terry Fox died in 1981, but Canadians still remember him.

**Lost his leg**

Terry Fox was born in 1958. He grew up in Port Coquitlam, British Columbia.

In 1977, Terry found out he had bone cancer. Doctors had to amputate most of Terry’s right leg. He had to use an artificial leg to walk.

**Decided to raise money**

Terry decided to run across Canada to raise money for cancer research. He started his run in Newfoundland in 1980. He had to stop in Ontario because he had cancer in his lungs.

**Terry Fox Runs**

Terry Fox died in 1981. He raised $24 million before he died.

Every September there are Terry Fox Runs. The money from the runs goes to cancer research.

**Students take part in Terry Fox Run**

On September 26, our ESL class had a Terry Fox Run at our community centre.

Some people ran. Other people walked. We raised $337 for cancer research.
Finish the sentences

Make sentences using the words from Lists A, B, and C.

List A
- Terry Fox
- In 1977,
- Doctors
- Terry decided
- Terry raised
- The money

List B
- he found out
- to run across Canada
- $24 million
- that he raised
- had to amputate
- was born

List C
- in 1958.
- was for cancer research.
- most of Terry’s right leg.
- before he died.
- to raise money.
- he had bone cancer.

1. **Terry Fox was born in 1958.**

2. ____________________________________________

3. ____________________________________________

4. ____________________________________________

5. ____________________________________________

6. ____________________________________________

Who is your hero?

Terry Fox is a hero. He inspires people in Canada and around the world. Who is your hero? ____________________________________________

Why is this person your hero? ____________________________________________

__________________________________________

__________________________________________
Lots of Lees

Don Lee came to Canada from China in 1949. He says, “At that time, there were only a few Lees in Vancouver. And most of them were English.”

More and more Lees

During the past 60 years, Don has seen a big increase in the number of Lees in Vancouver. Today Lee is the most common last name in the Vancouver area. Most of the Lees are from Korea or China.

Lee replaces Smith

For many years, Smith was the most common last name in the Vancouver area. Now, it is the fourth most common.

Top 10

Here are the top 10 last names in the Vancouver area in 2007.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Last name</th>
<th>Number of people</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Lee 5,863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Wong 5,101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Chan 3,752</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Smith 3,623</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Kim 2,387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Chen 2,368</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Gill 2,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Li 2,056</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Brown 1,962</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Johnson 1,843</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Names

- A last name is sometimes called a family name or a surname.
- A first name is sometimes called a Christian name or a given name.
- A maiden name is a woman’s family name before she is married.

The Westcoast Reader 1/2008 • Adapted from The Vancouver Sun
Last names

Many last names have meanings. For example:

- Kim means “gold” in Korean.
- Ivanov means “son of Ivan” in Russian.
- Petit means “small” in French.
- Castillo means “castle” in Spanish.
- Cermak means “robin” in Czech.

Do you know the meaning of your last name? Write it on the line.

______________________________________________________________

You can find out about surnames at: www.surnames.behindthename.com

Opposites

Find the opposites of these words in the story.

1. many __________________________
2. then __________________________
3. bottom _________________________
4. decrease _________________________
5. rare _____________________________
6. first _____________________________
7. after ____________________________
8. least _____________________________

“Few” and “a few”

Use “few” or “a few” in the sentences.

1. Can I borrow ___________ dollars from you?
2. She gave him ___________ books to read.
3. Leo’s English is excellent. He makes ___________ mistakes.
4. I invited ___________ friends to dinner on Friday night.
5. I often feel very lonely. I have ___________ friends here.

“A few” means a small number. “Few” means almost zero.
Crossword: Canada

Across
3. Emily Carr painted totem __.
6. Nunavut is Canada’s newest __.
8. Canada’s __ has a beaver on it.
9. Terry Fox lost a __ to cancer.
10. A sauropod is a kind of __.

Down
1. Ottawa is the __ of Canada.
2. Canada has 338 __ ridings.
4. Canada has 10 provinces and __ territories.
5. July 1 is Canada’s __.
7. The Mbonas have __ children.
Map of Canada (p 5)
1. Northwest Territories
2. British Columbia
3. Saskatchewan
4. Ontario
5. New Brunswick
6. Nova Scotia
7. Newfoundland and Labrador

Write the sentences (p 7)
1. The capital is Ottawa.
2. It is in the province of Ontario.
3. The city of Ottawa is on the Ottawa River.
4. The Parliament Buildings are in Ottawa.

Categories (p 7)
Answers will vary.

Label the drawing (p 9)
1. tree 2. tube 3. sap 4. bucket

What is the meaning? (p 9)
1f 2b 3a 4d 5c 6e

Canada’s coins (p 10)
1. beaver, rivers 2. ship 3. deer 4. dollar 5. polar, ring

A coin trick (p 11)
Solution: Put your finger on the middle of the top row. Move the coin around the other coins until it is below the middle coin on the bottom row. Without taking your finger off the coin, push the centre row up one place.

Finish the chart (p 13)
Provinces
Alberta 1905 AB
British Columbia 1871 BC
Manitoba 1870 MB
New Brunswick 1867 NB
Newfoundland and Labrador 1949 NL
Nova Scotia 1867 NS
Ontario 1867 ON
Prince Edward Island 1873 PE
Quebec 1867 QC
Saskatchewan 1905 SK

Territories
Northwest Territories 1870 NT
Nunavut 1999 NU
Yukon 1898 YT

What word is missing? (p 15)
2. in 3. First 4. paint 5. died 6. are

Word families (p 15)
1. paintings 2. draw 3. studied 4. travelled 5. interest 6. painted

Crossword: Winter clothes (p 17)

Make a new word (p 18)
1. Brazil 2. six 3. couple 4. winter 5. furniture 6. learn

What’s the word? (p 18)
2. repay 3. impossible
4. unafraid 5. dishonest

www.bestofthereader.ca
Answers for exercises

Numbers (p 20)
1. The Liberal Party has the most MPs.
2. The Conservative Party has the second most MPs.
3. The Conservatives have more MPs (than the Bloc Québécois).
4. The Green Party has one MP.

True or false (p 20)
1T 2F 3T 4T 5F 6T 7T

Is it a, b, or c? (p 22)
1b 2c 3a 4b 5c 6b

Match (p 22)
1b 2d 3e 4a 5c

Finish the words (p 22)
1. dinosaur 2. scientist 3. weighed
4. elephants 5. between

Finish the sentences (p 24)
2. In 1977, he found out he had bone cancer.
3. Doctors had to amputate most of Terry’s right leg.
4. Terry decided to run across Canada to raise money.
5. Terry raised $24 million before he died.
6. The money that he raised was for cancer research.

Opposites (p 26)
1. few 5. common
2. now 6. last
3. top 7. before
4. increase 8. most

“Few” and “a few” (p 26)
1. a few 4. a few
2. a few 5. few
3. few

Crossword: Canada (p 27)

Who are they?
Look quickly through this ebook to find the names of these five people.

1. ____________________
2. ____________________
3. ____________________
4. ____________________
5. ____________________